

Safety Data Sheet(SDS)

Last revised date : 26-12-2022

1. Identification

- 1) Product identifier : PC/GF CF-3200HF
- 2) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
 - Recommended use of the chemical Others(Synthetic Resin Plastics)
 - Restrictions on use

Use for recommended use only

- 3) Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
 - \bigcirc Seller

Company name : Lotte Chemical Corporation Address : 05551 Lotte World Tower, 300, Olympic-ro, Songpa-gu, Seoul, 05551 Rep. of KOREA Telephone number :

| | Basic Chemicals | +82-2-829-4114 | Advanced Materials | +82-31-596-3114 | | |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Eme | Emergency phone number | | | | | |
| | Yeosu Plant | +82-61-688-2100 | Ulsan Plant | +82-52-278-3500 | | |
| | Daesan Plant | +82-41-689-5900 | Yeosu Plant(Advanced Materials) | +82-61-689-1100 | | |

Fax number : +82-2-834-6070

2. Hazards identification

1) Hazard classification

- Not applicable

2) Allocation label elements

Hazard pictograms

- Not applicable

Signal word

- NONE

Hazard statements

- Not applicable

Precautionary statements

- Not applicable
- 3) Other hazards:

According to experience and information provided, this product does not affect harmful effects when using and handling it as a regulation.

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

| Chemical name | Common name | CAS No. | Content(wt%) |
|--|--|------------|--------------|
| 2,2-Bis(4- hydroxyphenyl)propane | Poly[oxycarbonyloxy-1,4- phenylene(1- methylethylidene)-1,4- phenylene] | 24936-68-3 | >=75 ~ <=85 |
| Glass, oxide | Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | >=15 ~ <=25 |
| Addtive | | | >=0.1 ~ <=2 |
| Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4- hydroxy phenyl) propionate | octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl- 4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate | 2082-79-3 | >=0.1 ~ <=5 |

4. First-aid measures

- 1) Following eye contact
 - Call a physician immediately.
- 2) Following skin contact
 - Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
 - Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- 3) Following inhalation
 - If symptoms persist, call a physician.
 - Move to fresh air.
- 4) Following ingestion
 - If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.
- 5) Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure No data available
- 6) Advice to physician
 - In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.

5. Fire-Fighting measures

- 1) Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media
 - ° Suitable extinguishing media
 - Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
 - · Unsuitable extinguishing media
 - Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- 2) Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
 - Pyrolytic product
 - No data available
 - $^{\rm o}$ Risk of fire and explosion
 - Heating or fire can release toxic gas.
 - ° Other
 - May cause toxic effects if inhaled.
- 3) Special protective equipment for firefighters
 - In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. Accident release measures

- 1) Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - Avoid dust formation.
- 2) Environmental precautions
 - Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.
- 3) Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
 - Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
 - Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

7. Handling and storage

- 1) Precautions for safe handling
 - For personal protection see section 8.
 - Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- 2) Conditions for safe storage (including any incompatibilities)
 - Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
 - Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

8. Exposure controls & personal protection

1) Chemical exposure limits, Biological exposure standard

| Components | ACGIH regulations | Biological limit values |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Glass, oxide | No data available | No data available |

2) Appropriate engineering controls

- Ensure adequate ventilation and exhaust ventilation at the workplace.
- 3) Personal protective equipment
 - Respiratory protection
 - If you have a direct contact or exposed to the material, wear the appropriate form of respiratory protection certified.
 - Eye protection
 - If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
 - Hand protection
 - Wear chemical safety gloves.
 - Skin protection
 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

9. Physical and chemical information

| Property name | Values | Source |
|--|---------------------------|--------|
| Appearance | | |
| Physical state | Soild | |
| Color | Depends on customer needs | |
| Odor | Odorless | |
| Odor threshold | No data available | |
| рН | No data available | |
| Melting point/freezing point | No data available | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) | Not applicable | |
| Flash point(°C) | No data available | |
| Evaporation rate | No data available | |
| Flammability(solid, gas) | No data available | |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | No data available | |
| Vapour pressure | No data available | |
| Solubility(ies) | No data available | |
| Vapour density | No data available | |

| Relative density | No data available | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| n-octanol/water partition coefficient | No data available | |
| Auto ignition temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition temperature | 400 °C over | |
| Viscosity(mm²/s, 40°C) | Not applicable | |
| Molecular weight(mass) | 10,000 - 80,000 (active) | |
| Specific gravity | 1.20 - 1.40 | |

10. Stability and reactivity

- 1) Chemical stability and Possibility of hazardous reactions
 - No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
 - Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.
- 2) Conditions to avoid
 - Follow precautionary advice and avoid incompatible materials and conditions
- 3) Incompatible materials
 - Combustible material
- 4) Hazardous decomposition products
 - This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regula

11. Toxicological information

- 1) Information on the likely routes of exposure
 - No data available

2) Health hazard information

- Acute toxicity
 - Acute toxicity(Oral) PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Glass, oxide

: LD50> 2000 mg / kg experimental species: Rat, (route of administration: gavage, Female / Male, OECD TG 423, GLP)

- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : LD50> 2000 mg / kg experimental species: Rat
- Acute toxicity(Dermal) PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : LD50> 2000 mg / kg experimental species: Rat

- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : LD50> 2000 mg / kg experimental species: Rat
- Acute toxicity(Inhalation:Gases) PRODUCT : Not classified
 No data available
- Acute toxicity(Inhalation:Vapours) PRODUCT : Not classified
 No data available
- Acute toxicity(Inhalation:Dust/mist) PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : LC50> 1.81 mg / ℓ 4 hr experiment Species: Rat
 - . LOSO 1.01 mg / 24 m experiment opecies. Nat
- $^{\circ}$ Skin corrosion/irritation $\$ PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Glass, oxide
 - : Edema Score: 0/0, fully Restored, no irritant, Rabbit, OECD TG 404
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : There is only a very slight irritation: Rabbit, recovered within 7 days
- ° Serious eye damage/eye irritation PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Glass, oxide
 - : No irritation, Human
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : Irritation: test stimulation index: 4/110
- Respiratory sensitization
 PRODUCT : Not classified
 - No data available
- \circ Skin sensitization $\ \mbox{PRODUCT}$: Not classified
 - Glass, oxide
 - : No hypersensitivity
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : Guinea Pig: 3 weeks 3 intradermal injection, using 20 animals, no emotional reaction
- Carcinogenicity PRODUCT : Not classified
 - No data available
- Germ cell mutagenicity PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Glass, oxide
 - : In Vitro Genetic Toxicity: Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO))
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate

: Reverse mutation test: negative, TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537, voice over chromosomes with or without metabolic activation system applied in a used WP2uvrA hyayeo 4.1-1000µg / plate density test: Metabolic activity in voice, 10-100µg / ml with or without speech-based application-Dominant lethal in vivo assay: voice, NMRI mouse: 1000-3000 mg / kg bw Somatic mutation assay: voice, chinese hamster: 500-2000 mg / kg bw

- Reproductive toxicity PRODUCT : Not classified
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : Rat: 2-generation reproductive toxicity study Reproductive toxicity: NOAEL 315mg / kg bw / day (up to a

concentration probably has no effect), NOAEL for pup development: reduced newborn (96-111mg / kg bw / day's survival and growth at the highest concentration)

• Specific target organ toxicity single exposure PRODUCT : Not classified

- No data available

• Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure PRODUCT : Not classified

- Glass, oxide

: Inhalation (Ambassietic): The rat was exposed to the inhalation of the E-glass fine fibers (Code 104E) fibers for 7 hours for a maximum of 1, 3 days, 8 days or 14 days of actual exposure. 3 weeks. After sacrificing the lungs, BAL fluid was examined for the total concentration of total cells, granules and the total concentration of proteins. This analysis showed that the total number of cells, granule fraction and total protein concentration gradually increased as the accumulated repetition exposure period increases. The data represents the induction of inflammatory reactions even after 7 hours of exposure. In addition, the analysis of the number of proliferation cells per MM bronchial duct was used to investigate the analysis of the number of proliferation cells per MM bronchial duct using BRDU DNA labeling to significantly increase the number of proliferative cells in the lungs of animals exposed to E-glass fine fibers (p <0.05) Note). controls). This also represents inflammatory response in lung reality. In conclusion, the study data indicates that the inhalation of the E-glass fine fibers can lead to inflammation reactions in the lungs of the ripple after repeated exposure of a single exposure or 3 to 14 days. Rats were exposed to inhalation of E-Glass Microfiber (CODE 104E) fibers for 7 hours a day for actual exposure for up to 1, 3, 8 or 14 days. 3 weeks. After sacrificing the lungs, the BAL fluid investigated the total concentration of total cells, granules fractions and proteins. This analysis showed that the longer the accumulated repetition period, the longer the total cell, the granules fraction and the total protein concentration gradually increased. This result shows the induction of inflammatory reactions even after 1 day exposure of 7 hours. Further, as a result of analyzing the number of proliferation cells per MM bronchi, using the BRDU DNA label, the number of proliferation cells was significantly increased in the lungs of the animal exposed to the E-Glass fine fibers (statistically significant in P < 0.05 appear). This is known to exhibit inflammatory reactions in waste propeller. In conclusion, research data indicates that the suction of E-Glass fine fibers can lead to inflammatory responses in the lungs of mice after a single or 3 to 14 days after repetition exposure. As a result of exposed to 650 ppm concentrations, resulting in the brain and thymus lesions of deaths are found. In the exposed rat (male), which is exposed to 650 ppm for 14 weeks, the cause of death occurred because such degenerative lesions are not observed. However, half of the survivors of the 650 ppm group had neuronal deadlocks or malaria in the body stenomed by the brain. The lesions of the central nervous system have been accompanied by nerve behavior. It has been found that each rat exposed to 2,4-pentane dion representing the abnormality during the modified IRWIN screening test has been shown to have brain damage. Generally, the opposite of this statement was true. Exceptionally, two men are exposed to 650 ppm, showing normal reactions with brain malaria during IRWIN tests. In addition, some females exposed to 650 ppm showed acute degeneration of nuclear and displacement temperatures, but died before performing awareness testing. Since the results of electron microscopy test in sciatic nerve preparation were negative, the neurotoxic effect of 2,4-pentane dion appears to be a central rather than peripheral. Description of the difference in mortality rate of men and women (each 650 ppm

exposure group, 30% for men and women) is not known. The difference between gender may be related to brain thiamine, folic acid and / or flute single concentration. The proposed mechanism of 2,4-pentane ditoxicity is because B vitamins or the non-activation of the bonding is not activated. Concentration of repetition exposure to 2,4-pentane dion - Reaction profile is very clear

- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate

: rat (dust / mist inhalation, 21 days 5 days, 6 hours of exposure to one day per week): NOAEL> 0.543mg / L (EU IUCLID), Rat: NOEL 30mg / kg bw / day 28 day 0, 5, 30 , gavage result of exposure to 100 and 300 mg 100, 300mg / kg bw / day group weight gain between the male 100, increases in Microsomal enzymes group 300 and the female 300mg / kg bw / day group

- Aspiration hazard PRODUCT : Not classified
 - No data available

12. Ecological information

- 1) Ecotoxicity
 - Fish
 - Glass, oxide

: LC50> 1000 mg / ℓ 96 hr, (OECD TG 203, ring Formula test i.e. all test media were changed every 24 hours, fresh water, GLP)

- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
- : LC50 100 mg / ℓ 96 hr Lepomis macrochirus
- Crustaceans
 - Glass, oxide
 - : NOEC ≥1000 mg / ℓ 3 day Daphnia magna, (OECD TG 202, ring formulas, fresh water, GLP)
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : EC50 100 mg / ℓ 24 hr Daphnia magna
- Aquatic algae
 - Glass, oxide
 - : NOEC ≥1000 mg / ℓ 3 day, (OECD TG 201, ring formulas, GLP)
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : ErC50> 30 mg / ℓ 72 hr Scenedesmus subspicatus
- 2) Persistence and degradability
 - Degradability
 - No data available
 - Biodegradation
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : 39 (%) ~ 21 (%) 28 day
- 3) Bioaccumulative potential
 - n-octanol water partition coefficient
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : 13.41 log Kow ((estimated))

- Bioconcentration factor(BCF)
 - Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate
 - : ≤12 (carp (Cyprinus carpio) 6 Day 12 than at 0.05mg / L)
- 4) Mobility in soil
 - No data available
- 5) Other adverse effects

No data available

13. Disposal considerations

- 1) Disposal methods
 - Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
- 2) Precautions (including disposal of contaminated container of package)
 - Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
 - Send to a licensed waste management company.

14. Transport information

- 1) UN No. : Not applicable
- 2) Proper shipping name : Not applicable
- 3) Hazard class : Not applicable
- 4) Packing group : Not applicable
- 5) Marine pollutant : No
- 6) Special precautions for user related to transport or transportation measures :

Emergency measures in case of fire : Not applicable

Emergency measures in the effluent : Not applicable

- ADR
 - · Tunnel restriction code : Not applicable
- IMDG
 - \cdot Marine pollutant : No
- Air transport(IATA)
 - · UN No. : Not applicable
 - · Proper shipping name : Not applicable
 - · Class or division : Not applicable
 - · Packing group : Not applicable

15. Regulatory information

Australia Industrial Chemicals Act

- Not applicable

China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

- Inventory China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)
- 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane polycarbonate : Present [21562]
- Glass, oxide : Present [04789]
- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : Present [31615]

92/32/EEC

- Not applicable

European Union Official Journal of the European Communities 15 June 1990 - Annex Based on Article 13 of Directive 67/548/EEC Amended by Directive 79/831/EEC

- Inventory European Union European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)
- Glass, oxide : 266-046-0
- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : 218-216-0

Japan Law Concerning the Examination and Regulations of Manufacture, etc. of Chemical Substances

- Inventory Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)
- 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane polycarbonate : (7)-738
- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : (3)-1737

New Zealand Environmental Protection Authority, Inventory of Chemicals

• Inventory - New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

- 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane polycarbonate : May be used as a single component chemical under an appropriate group standard

- Glass, oxide : May be used as a single component chemical under an appropriate group standard
- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : HSNO Approval: HSR003658

Turkey Regulation on Inventory and Control of Chemicals

- Not applicable

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

- Inventory Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)
- 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane polycarbonate : Present

- Glass, oxide : Present
- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : Present

Vietnam National Chemicals Inventory (NCI)

- Inventory Vietnam National Chemicals Inventory (NCI) (DRAFT)
- 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane polycarbonate : Present 15829
- Glass, oxide : Present 21278
- Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy phenyl) propionate : Present 07679

16. Other information

1) Reference

NCIS, KOSHA, Montreal Protocol, ECHA, OECD SIDS, EU IUCLID, HSDB(PubChem), NITE, NTP, ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, ChemIDplus, EPA, EPI Suite, INCHEM

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3) Revision date

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